Packaged.

Virtual Summit

28 – 29 September 2020

A CLIMATE SAVING CIRCULAR ECONOMY IS POSSIBLE — HOW PLASTIC CAN BE MANAGED IN A CLOSED LOOP FOR PACKAGED GOODS BY 2030

Thomas Müller-Kirschbaum Sept. 29, 2020





Agenda

- (1) The Dilemma of Plastic
- (2) Closing the Loop: Definition of a Circular Economy
- (3) What Consumers Say
- (4) What Manufacturers are Doing
- (5) Prio for Mechanical Recyclate but Need for Optimization
- (6) Holistic Approach for a Circular Economy
- (7) Closed Loop Scenarios for 2030
- (8) The Take Away



SALES

€20.1 BN



MORE THAN

143 YEARS SUCCESS WITH BRANDS AND



WE ARE ACTIVE IN

78 **COUNTRIES**

THREE BUSINESS UNITS

ADHESIVE TECHNOLOGIES BEAUTY CARE LAUNDRY & HOME CARE

€3.2 BN

ADJUSTED OPERATING PROFIT (EBIT)



LEADING IN SUSTAINABILITY

+56%

RESOURCE EFFICIENCY



AROUND

2,000

SOCIAL PROJECTS SUPPORTED



WE EMPLOY MORE THAN

52,000

PEOPLE WORLDWIDE FROM 120 NATIONALITIES



AROUND

36%

WOMEN IN MANAGEMENT





Did you know that...

...Henkel is a global leader in adhesive technologies?

...Every second worldwide, **more than 45 hair cosmetic products** from Henkel are purchased?

...Henkel sells around **36 billion wash loads** of detergents every year?



WHAT GUIDES US

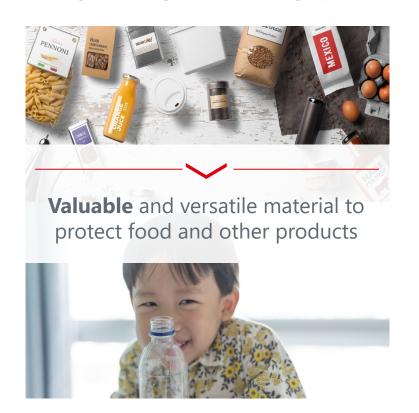
OUR STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK





THE DILEMMA OF PLASTIC

VALUABLE OR HARMFUL?





PLASTIC AND ITS REPLACEMENT OPTIONS

NOT ALWAYS THE MORE SUSTAINABLE ALTERNATIVE



Paper bags need to be used 3 times as often as plastic bags to have the same environmental footprint



Glass bottles are heavier than plastic bottles, which causes more CO₂ emissions during transport



Plastic packaging can help to extend the shelf life of fruits and vegetables, reducing food waste

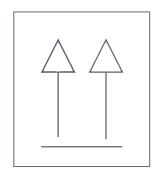
Lifecycle analyzes are essential when discussing replacement options for plastic packaging



THE ROLE OF PACKAGING

WHY USE PLASTIC PACKAGING?









Safe: durable, does not break

Versatile:
many
applications,
design
freedom

less weight than other materials

Barrier: perfect barrier against liquids

Cost: cost-efficient production

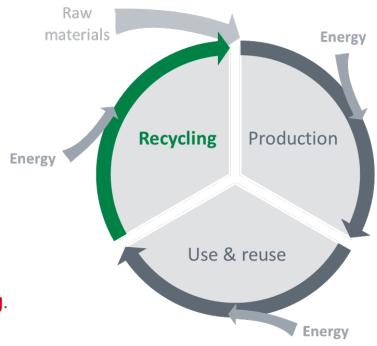


CLOSING THE LOOP

DEFINITION OF A CIRCULAR ECONOMY

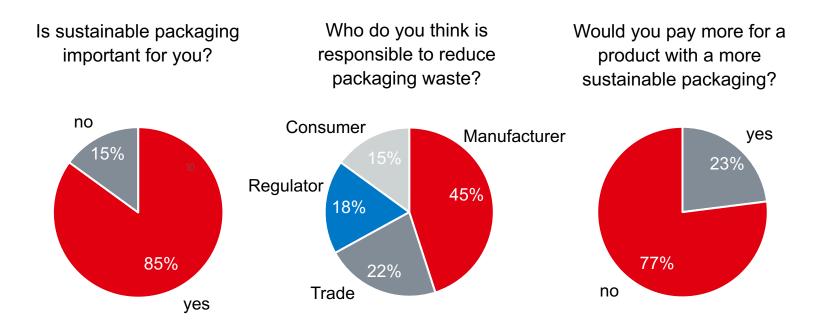
"A circular economy is a regenerative system in which resource input and waste, emission, and energy leakage are minimized by slowing, closing, and narrowing material and energy loops." [1]

This can be achieved through long-lasting design, maintenance, repair, reuse, remanufacturing, refurbishing, and **recycling**.





What Consumers Think About Plastic Packaging

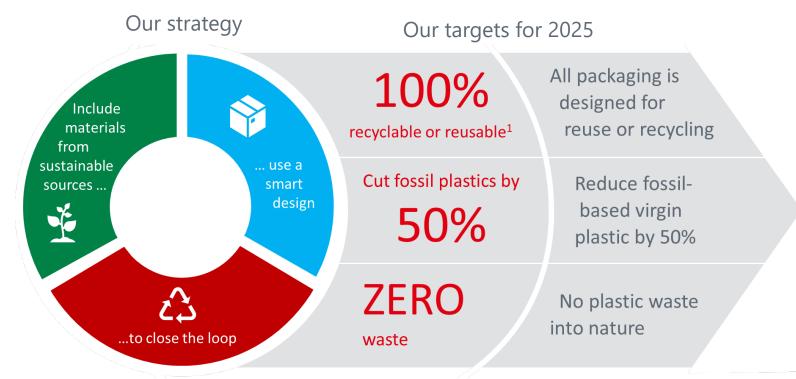




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OUR PACKAGING STRATEGY AND 2025 TARGETS

DRIVING PROGRESS TOWARDS A CIRCULAR ECONOMY



¹Excluding adhesive products where residue may affect recyclability or pollute recycling streams.



OUR PACKAGING TARGETS FOR 2025 HOW WE AIM TO ACHIEVE THEM



- Smart design and technologies
- New business models for reuse



- > 30 percent recycled plastic share
- Absolute plastic reduction
- Increase use of biobased plastic



- Collection and recycling initiatives
- > 2 billion consumer contacts giving recycling-information



OUR PACKAGING TARGETS FOR 2025 50% LESS FOSSIL PLASTIC









Recycled plastic content

Plastic-free alternatives

Bio-based plastic



Prio for Mechanical Recyclate but Needs for Optimization Mechanical Recyclating no Single Solution to Close the Loop

Physical & chemical properties

Ouality varies

Quality variesAccumulation of metabolics from additives



Appearance

 Main fraction is dark grey or black

Odour



Often with smell

Availability



High demand for high qualityGood qualities

 Good qualities only in limited quantities

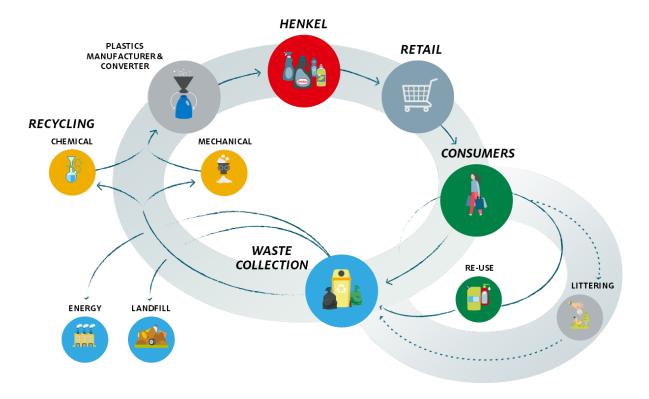
Affordability



 Good qualities more expensive than virgin plastic



OUR HOLISTIC APPROACH ON A CIRCULAR ECONOMY TAKING COLLECTIVE ACTION

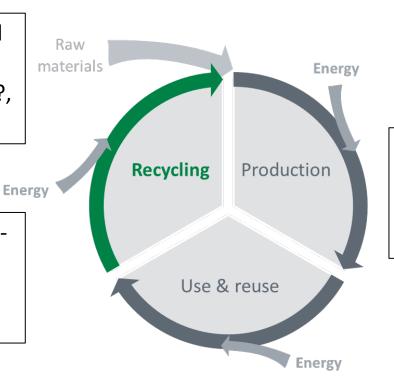




HOW TO CLOSE THE LOOP AND TO SAVE THE CLIMATE THE CHALLENGES OF A CLIMATE NEUTRAL CIRCULAR ECONOMY

Only non fossil-based plastic (quality?, availability?, affordability?)

Attractiveness of EPRschemes with bonus for recycability and recycled content



CO₂-fee on all fossil carbon and all fossil energy



Imagine Tomorrow: The Situation in the Year 2030 Materials & Technologies and Regulation

Material & Technologies:

- Further reduction of plastic is feasible by alternative packaging concepts
- Mechanical recycling: improved qualities and increased availability allow to use about
 40 50% of recycled plastic for consumer good packaging
- **Chemical recycling: about 30 40%** of total volume for plastic packaging is available
- **Biobased plastic: about 10%** of total volume for plastic packaging is available

Regulation:

- EPR-schemes with a significant bonus for recycable packaging and for use of recycled content plus for the use of biobased plastic
- CO₂-fee: potential increase to 100 EUR/t and extended to all fossil carbon



Basic Assumptions for Scenarios in the Year 2030: A Company Using 20,000 tons of Plastic/y for Packaging

Company	Plastic demand, kind of material		Cost assumption of recycled plastic		CO ₂ -fee: 100 €/t CO ₂ *
FMCG for non-food All packaging are recyclable already from 2025 onwards (no malus for non-recycable packs)	10,000 t/a HDPE 10,000 t/a PET	fossil: 1,000 €/t (PE, PET) biobased: 1,500 €/t (PE, PET)	chemical:	General fee: 750 €/t Bonus for recycable packaging: 50 €/t Bonus for use of recycled plastic or biobased plastic: 150 €/t	2.7 t CO ₂ generated by combustion of 1 t plastic →270 €/t plastic 0.6 t CO ₂ generated by mechanical rec. of 1 t plastic → 60 €/t plastic 1.35 t CO ₂ generated by 1 t of chemical rec. of 1 t plastic → 135 €/t plastic

^{*} CO_2 -equivalents for fossil plastic and mechanically recycled plastic are average values for HDPE and PET taken from Eunomia Study 04/2020 for the EU PPWD / CO_2 -equivalents for chemical recycling assumed with 50% footprint of fossil virgin / 0t CO_2 -equivalent for biobased plastic

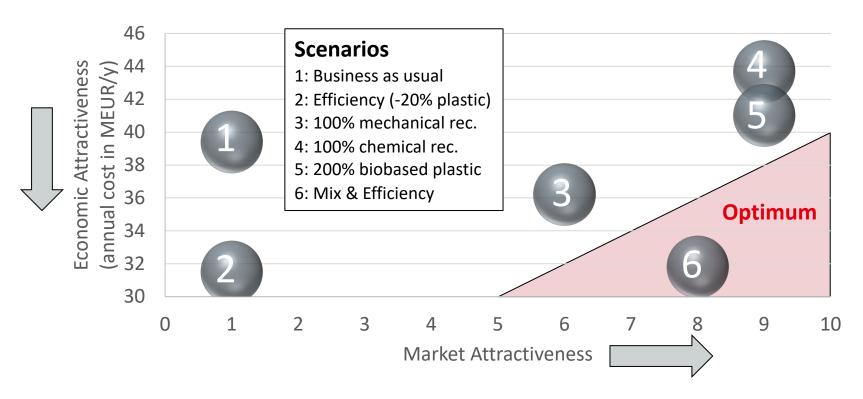


Market vs. Economic Attractiviness for Various Scenarios Optimum: Technology Mix with 20% Reduction

	Scenario	Market Attractivity (1=low, 9=high)	Economic Attractivity (cost level in Mio. €/a)		
#			EPR scheme w/o bonus	EPR sheme with bonus	EPR with bonus plus CO ₂ -fee of 100€/t CO ₂
1	Business as usual	1	35.0	34.0	39.4
2	Efficieny (20% absolute reduction)	1	28.0	27.2	31.5
3	100% mechanical recyclate	6	39.0	35.0	36.2
4	100% chemical recyclate	9	45.0	41.0	43.7
5	100% biobased	9	45.0	41.0	41.0
6	Mix: 20% absolute reduction Rest (=100%): 50% mech. recyclate 40% chem. recyclate 10% biobased	8	33.6	30.4	31.8



Market vs. Economic Attractiveness for Various Scenarios Optimum: Technology Mix with 20% Reduction



The Take Away

A De-fossilized Climate Saving Circular Economy is Possible...

... in case the following preconditions are realized during this decade:

- (1) Harmonized **EPR-schemes** (instead of plastic fees/taxes) with sufficient **incentives** for recycability and recycled/biobased plastic & a **CO₂-fee** on all fossil-based carbon → **regulators**
- (2) Use "circular plastic" instead of "recycled plastic" (move to non fossil-based plastic, includes biobased plastic): One unified, global "Circular Plastic Label" → all stakeholders
- (3) Fast and large investments in mechanical AND chemical recycling AND biobased plastic to ensure better qualities, sufficient capacities and low CO₂-footprints for circular plastic → recyclers & chemical industry
- (4) Support needded via **EU Green Deal & Recovery plan** (more research and subsidies) → **EU** commission & governments
- (5) Only **short-term oncosts for circular plastic** not higher than 120 %(mechanical recycled) to 150% (chemical recycled/biobased) vs. fossil virgin, **mid-term same cost level as fossil virgin** material → **chemical industry**
- (6) Commitment to increase "circular plastic" content in packaging → manufacturers
- (7) Readiness to bear higher cost for packaging \rightarrow entire value chain including retail and consumer



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"CIRCULAR PLASTIC LABEL": CROSS-STAKEHOLDER APPROACH TO PUSH CIRCULARITY

Why

- Consumers:
- Want to have **simple & credible** guidance to use plastic in the best suitable way
- Do not want to deal with complex explanation of **mass balance** content of biobased plastic or chemically recycled plastic on a label

Science:

- A circular plastic economy will need renewable plastic and chemically recycled plastic on top of mechanically recycled plastic
- Climate neutrality needs the move from "recycled" to "circular"
- Supply chain:
- Mass balance approaches need a cross-value chain collaboration and an accepted way to calculate the non fossil-based content

- Regulation:
- mass balance approach needs sophisticated scientific/legal check
 for an on-pack-label claiming the circular plastic content



"CIRCULAR PLASTIC LABEL" — CROSS-STAKEHOLDER APPROACH TO PUSH CIRCULARITY

What

- One global label for all plastic, one methodology behind, licensed to everybody who follows the rules for regular audits. ("circular plastic" is only working title)
- Example: 50g bottle made of 10g virgin fossil plastic, 20g mechanically recycled plastic, 10g chemically recycled plastic, 10g biobased plastic => 40g non fossil-based plastic out of 50g plastic in total
 New label: 'With 80% "Circular Plastic" '

How

- Involve supportive stakeholders to develop an accepted and credible methodology, include e.g. ISCC, Fraunhofer CCPE and EMF/NP
- Start with already established methodologies from industry or other partners if possible
- Identify an "initiator" (at best a multi-stakeholder organization) to select the best project owner and finance such a project
- **Find a "project owner"** with knowledge in renewable carbon and in orchestrating such a project within a multi-stakeholder environment



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THANK YOU







OUR PACKAGING TARGETS FOR 2025

100% RECYCLABLE OR REUSABLE









Recyclable packaging

Refill products

Refill stations



OUR PACKAGING TARGETS FOR 2025 ZERO WASTE









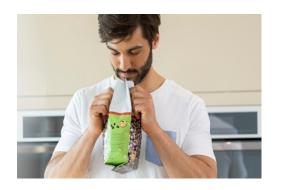
Waste collection initiatives

Collaboration with retailers

On-pack communication



SOLUTIONS TO TURN WASTE INTO VALUE PROVIDING CUSTOMERS WITH TECHNOLOGICAL SOLUTIONS







- Adhesive properties can make the difference when it comes to recyclability
- This is especially true for flexible multi-layer packaging
- In partnership with recycling startups & key flexible packaging manufacturers,
 Henkel launched a range of adhesives and coatings designed for recycling



DESIGN-FOR-RECYCLING HENKEL EVALUATION TOOL EASYD4R







- Software tool based on public and recognized criteria catalogues
- Allows quick and accurate assessment of the recyclability of packaging during product development
- Used throughout the company, made publicly available on the Henkel website



ALLIANCES FOR PLASTIC

ENABLING A CIRCULAR ECONOMY REQUIRES PARTNERSHIPS

The New Plastics



Initiative of the Ellen

knowledge sharing

MacArthur Foundation

Promotes cross-industry

Goal: Foster the transition.

to a circular economy

Alliance to End Plastic

Waste



- Joint commitment of 30 global companies
- Goal: Invest 1.5 billion
 \$US to advance solutions eliminating plastic waste in the environment

Ceflex



- Collaborative initiative
- Over 140 companies along the entire value chain of flexible packaging
- Henkel is a founding member



PLASTIC BANK PARTNERSHIP

TURNING WASTE INTO OPPORTUNITIES WITH SOCIAL PLASTIC®



Plastic Bank aims to reduce ocean plastic and provide opportunities for people in poverty



After starting the partnership by building collection centers in Haiti, Henkel now expands its involvement to Egypt



Social Plastic® has been integrated in numerous products

